

# LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) CHENNAI – 600 034



**B.Voc. DEGREE EXAMINATION – DIGITAL JOURNALISM**



**FIFTH SEMESTER – NOVEMBER 2024**

**UDJ 5501 – DIGITAL LAWS AND MEDIA ETHICS**

Date: 07-11-2024

Dept. No.

Max. : 100 Marks

Time: 09:00 am-12:00 pm

## SECTION A - K1 (CO1)

| <b>Answer ALL the Questions -</b> |   | <b>(10 x 1 = 10)</b>                      |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| <b>1.</b>                         | <b>Match the following</b>  |   |
| a)                                | Right to Information-   | a) journalistic standards                 |
| b)                                | World Wide Web-   | b) Authorized testing of security systems |
| c)                                | Press Council Act-  | c) citizens to access information         |
| d)                                | Ethical Hacking-  | d) Tim Berners-Lee                        |
| e)                                | Press Council of India-   | e) Established in 1978                    |
| <b>2.</b>                         | <b>True or False</b>  |   |
| a)                                | The Official Secrets Act was enacted to protect government secrets and does not allow any public disclosure.      |   |
| b)                                | The Right to Information Act was introduced in India in 2005 to promote transparency in governance.               |   |
| c)                                | The Contempt of Court Act protects the rights of journalists to report on court proceedings without restrictions. |   |
| d)                                | Intellectual Property Rights include laws that protect creators' rights over their inventions and artistic works. |   |
| e)                                | The Cable Television Regulation Act was passed to regulate the content of print media in India.                   |   |

## SECTION A - K2 (CO1)

| <b>Answer ALL the Questions</b> |   | <b>(10 x 1 = 10)</b> |
|---------------------------------|---|----------------------|
| <b>3.</b>                       | <b>Fill in the blanks</b>   |                      |
| a)                              | The Right to Information Act was introduced in _____ to promote transparency in governance.                                 |                      |
| b)                              | Cybercrime encompasses various illegal activities, including _____, which involves unauthorized access to computer systems. |                      |
| c)                              | Intellectual Property Rights protect the rights of creators over their _____ and inventions.                                |                      |
| d)                              | The _____ Television Regulation Act was enacted to regulate cable broadcasting in India.                                    |                      |
| e)                              | _____ news refers to paid content that is disguised as legitimate news reporting, misleading the audience.                  |                      |

## 4. Answer the following / MCQ/Definitions (Delete the unsuitable option)

|    |   |
|----|---|
| a) | Define Cybercrime.  |
| b) | What year was the Right to Information Act enacted in India?            |
| c) | Which Act protects against unauthorized use of someone's creative work? |
| d) | Explain the term 'Paid News'.   |
| e) | What is the significance of the Cable Television Regulation Act?        |

## SECTION B - K3 (CO2)

| <b>Answer any TWO of the following</b> |  | <b>(2 x 10 = 20)</b> |
|--|--|----------------------|
| 5.                                     | Identify the impact of the Right to Information Act, 2005, on transparency and accountability in governance. |                      |

|    |  |
|----|--|
| 6. | Identify and discuss the role of the Press Council of India in regulating the media.                                       |
| 7. | Identify the various types of Cybercrimes and their implications on individual privacy and security.                       |
| 8. | Identify and explain the concept of Freedom of Speech and Expression as outlined in Article 19 of the Indian Constitution. |

### **SECTION C – K4 (CO3)**

**Answer any TWO of the following** **(2 x 10 = 20)**

|     |   |
|-----|---|
| 9.  | Examine a case study of a recent cybercrime incident in India.  |
| 10. | List strategies that media organizations can implement to ensure fair and responsible reporting during election cycles. |
| 11. | Examine the effects of the Official Secrets Act on journalistic practices in India.                                     |
| 12. | Analyse how the Council enhance its role in promoting accountability in journalism, give your suggestions.              |

### **SECTION D – K5 (CO4)**

**Answer any ONE of the following** **(1 x 20 = 20)**

|     |   |
|-----|---|
| 13. | Assess and propose a balanced framework that protects both freedom of the press and the rights of individuals.  |
| 14. | Estimate a comprehensive media ethics guideline for journalists that addresses the challenges posed by the rise of digital media and social networking sites. |

### **SECTION E – K6 (CO5)**

**Answer any ONE of the following** **(1 x 20 = 20)**

|     |  |
|-----|--|
| 15. | Propose enhancements or new regulations that could better protect citizens in the digital age. |
| 16. | Elaborate how international media regulations impact domestic media practices in India.        |

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